



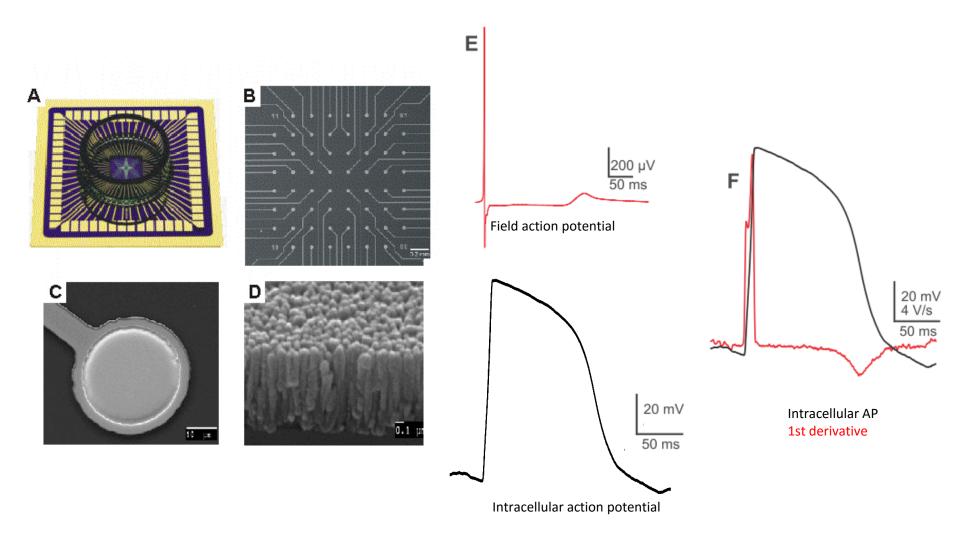
Dr. Udo Kraushaar

Field action potential recordings of primary atrial and ventricular cardiomyocytes on microelectrode array (MEA)

Natural and Medical Sciences Institute at the University of Tübingen

# Field action potentials on microelectrode arrays

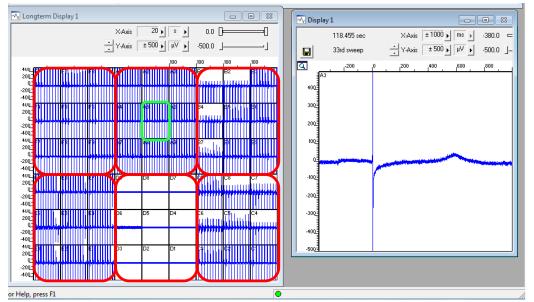




#### **Analysis**

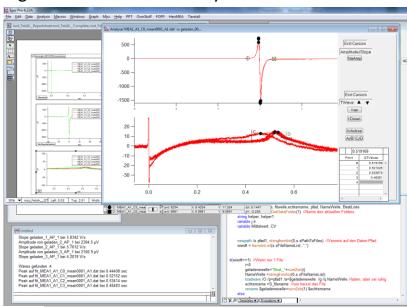


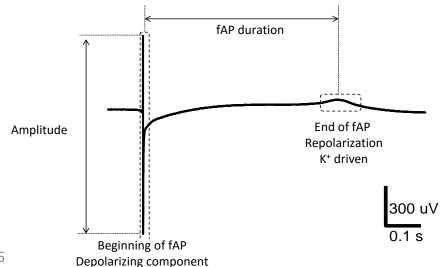
#### McRack: Recording, averaging and data export



Mainly Na+ driven

#### Igor Pro: Self written analysis





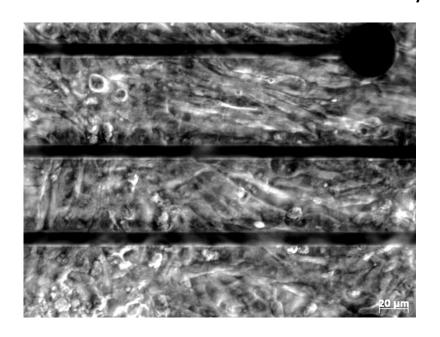
- Amplitude of the initial phase of the fAP
- Duration of the fAP
- Spontaneous beat frequency
- Beat-to-beat regularity

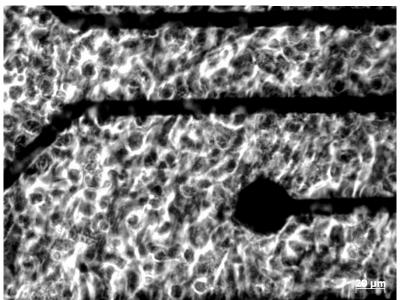
22.04.2016

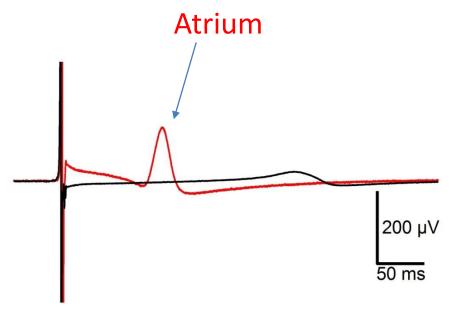
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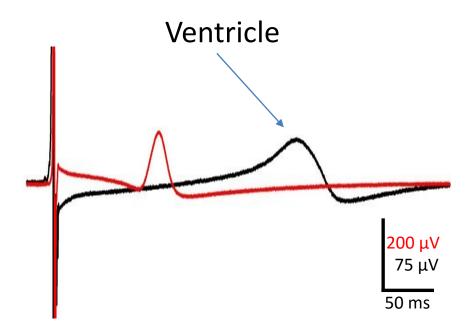
# Morphological and electrical differences between atrial and ventricular cardiomyocytes





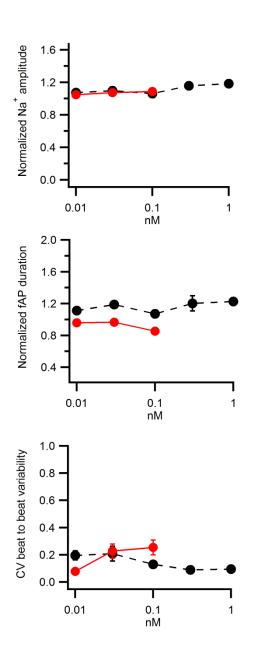


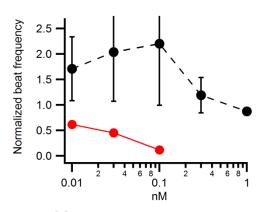


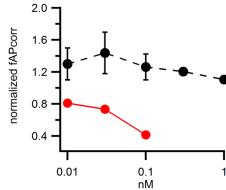


### Compound application: Carbachol









#### Carbachol

mACh agonist

Expected from lit. and detected:

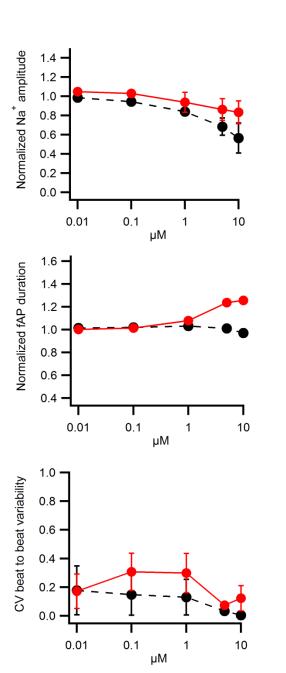
Reduced beat rate (atrium), almost no effect in ventricle

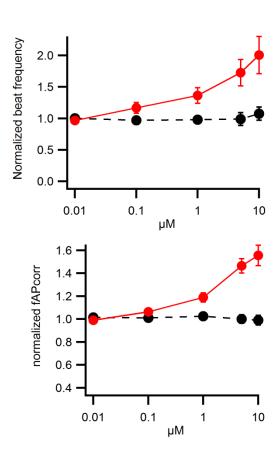
Red = atrium Black = ventricle

n = atrium 6 ventricle 3-4

#### Compound application: DPO-1







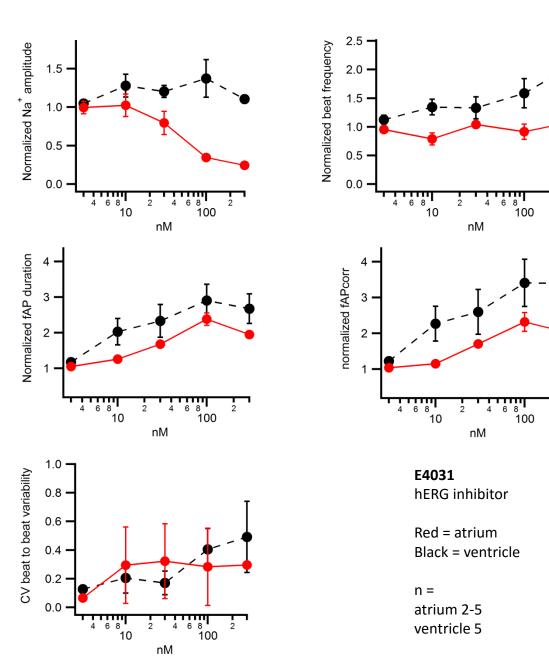
**DPO-1**Kv 1.5 inhibitor
Expected from lit. and detected:
Atrium only; depolariation -> beat rate increase, fAP longer

Red = atrium Black = ventricle

n = atrium 9 ventricle 5

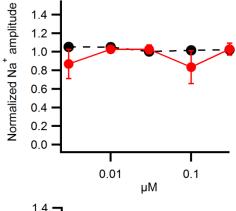
# Compound application: E4031

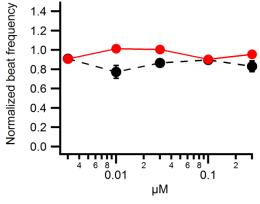


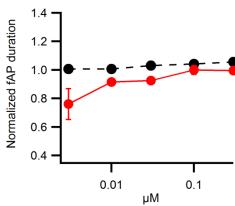


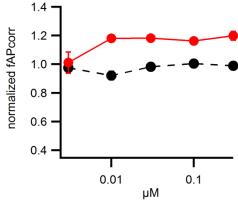
#### Compound application: Isoproterenol

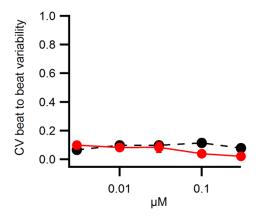












#### Isoproterenol/Isoprenaline

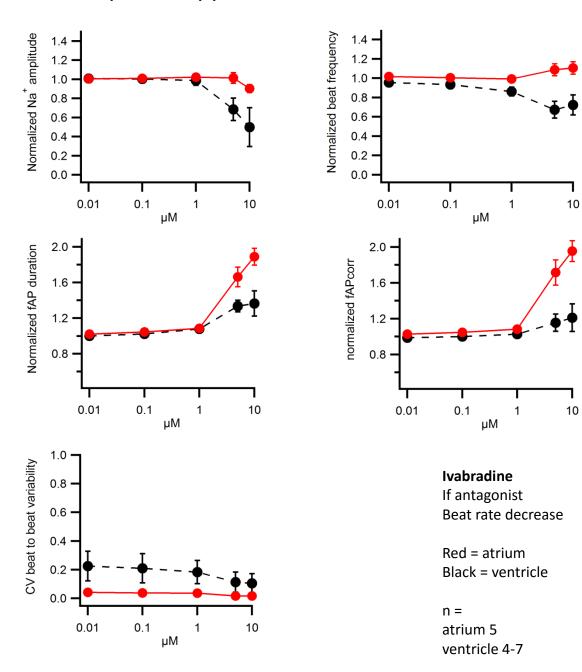
Beta-adrenergic agonist Positive inotrop only,

Red = atrium Black = ventricle

n =atrium 6ventricle 5

# Compound application: Ivabradine







# **Contact:**

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